### THE COURTS

# Title 204—JUDICIAL SYSTEM GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART V. PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND CONDUCT [204 PA. CODE CH. 83]

Amendment of Rule 205 of the Pennsylvania Rules of Disciplinary Enforcement; No. 192 Disciplinary Rules Doc.

#### **Order**

Per Curiam

And Now, this 18th day of December, 2019, upon the recommendation of the Disciplinary Board of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania; the proposal having been submitted without publication in the interests of justice and efficient administration pursuant to Pa.R.J.A. No. 103(a)(3):

It Is Ordered pursuant to Article V, Section 10 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania that Rule 205 of the Pennsylvania Rules of Disciplinary Enforcement is amended in the following form.

This Order shall be processed in accordance with Pa.R.J.A. No. 103(b), and shall be effective in 30 days.

#### Annex A

### TITLE 204. JUDICIAL SYSTEM GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART V. PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND CONDUCT

Subpart B. DISCIPLINARY ENFORCEMENT

### CHAPTER 83. PENNSYLVANIA RULES OF DISCIPLINARY ENFORCEMENT

Subchapter B. MISCONDUCT

Rule 205. The Disciplinary Board of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

- (a) The Supreme Court shall appoint a board to be known as "The Disciplinary Board of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania" which shall be composed of [eleven] ten members of the Bar of this Commonwealth and two non-lawyer electors. One of the members shall be designated by the Court as Chair and another as Vice-Chair.
- (b) The regular terms of members of the Board shall be for [three] six years, unless otherwise specified by order of the Court, and no member shall serve for more than [two consecutive three-year terms] one term. Except when acting under paragraph (c)(5), (7), (8) and (9) of this rule, the Board shall act only with the concurrence of not less than the lesser of:
  - (i) seven members, or
- (ii) a majority of the members in office who are not disqualified from participating in the matter or proceeding.

Seven members shall constitute a quorum. The presence of members who are disqualified from participating in one or more matters to be considered at a meeting

shall nonetheless be counted for purposes of determining the existence of a quorum for the consideration of all matters on the agenda.

\* \* \* \*

 $[Pa.B.\ Doc.\ No.\ 20\text{-}35.\ Filed\ for\ public\ inspection\ January\ 10,\ 2020,\ 9\text{:}00\ a.m.]$ 

#### Title 207—JUDICIAL CONDUCT

## PART II. CONDUCT STANDARDS [ 207 PA. CODE CH. 33 ]

Amendment of Rule 4.2 of the Code of Judicial Conduct; No. 529 Judicial Administration Doc.

#### Order

Per Curiam

And Now, this 20th day of December, 2019, it is Ordered, pursuant to Article V, Section 10 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, that Rule 4.2 of the Code of Judicial Conduct is amended in the following form.

To the extent that notice of proposed rulemaking would otherwise be required by Pa.R.J.A. No. 103, the immediate promulgation of the amendments is found to be in the interests of justice and efficient administration.

This Order shall be processed in accordance with Pa.R.J.A. No. 103(b), and the amendments herein shall be effective January 20, 2020.

#### Annex A

# TITLE 207. JUDICIAL CONDUCT PART II. CONDUCT STANDARDS CHAPTER 33. CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT Subchapter A. CANONS

Canon 4. A judge or candidate for judicial office shall not engage in political or campaign activity that is inconsistent with the independence, integrity, or impartiality of the judiciary.

Rule 4.2. Political and Campaign Activities of Judicial Candidates in Public Elections.

(B) A candidate for elective judicial office may, unless prohibited by law, and not earlier than immediately after the General Election in the year prior to the calendar year in which a person may become a candidate for such office:

(3) publicly endorse or speak on behalf of, or publicly oppose or speak in opposition to, candidates for the same judicial office for which he or she is a judicial candidate, or publicly endorse or speak on behalf of candidates for any other elective judicial office appearing on the same ballot;

\* \* \* \* \*
Comment
\* \* \* \*

(5) For purposes of paragraph (B)(3), candidates are considered to be a candidate for the same judicial office if

they are competing for a single judgeship or for one of several judgeships on the same court to be filled as a result of the election. Additionally, the phrase "candidates for any other elective judicial office appearing on the same ballot" means candidates who appear together on the paper ballot or, in the case of electronic voting terminals, appear together on the electronic ballot. In endorsing or opposing another candidate for a position on the same court, a judicial candidate must abide by the same rules governing campaign conduct and speech as apply to the candidate's own campaign.

\* \* \* \* :

[Pa.B. Doc. No. 20-36. Filed for public inspection January 10, 2020, 9:00 a.m.]

# Title 231—RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE

PART I. GENERAL [ 231 PA. CODE CH. 200 ]

Order Amending Rule 237.3 of the Pennsylvania Rules of Civil Procedure; No. 701 Civil Procedural Rules Doc.

#### Order

Per Curiam

And Now, this 18th day of December, 2019, upon the recommendation of the Civil Procedural Rules Committee; the proposal having been published for public comment at 49 Pa.B. 274 (January 19, 2019):

It is Ordered pursuant to Article V, Section 10 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania that Rule 237.3 of the Pennsylvania Rules of Civil Procedure is amended in the following form.

This Order shall be processed in accordance with Pa.R.J.A. No. 103(b), and shall be effective April 1, 2020.

#### Annex A

# TITLE 231. RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE PART I. GENERAL

#### CHAPTER 200. BUSINESS OF COURTS

Rule 237.3. Relief from Judgment of *Non Pros* or by Default.

- (a) A petition for relief from a judgment of *non pros* or **[ of ]** by default entered pursuant to Rule 237.1 shall have attached thereto a copy of the complaint, preliminary objections, **[ or ]** and/or answer which the petitioner seeks leave to file. All grounds for relief shall be raised in a single petition.
- (b)(1) If the petition is filed within ten days after the entry of a judgment of *non pros* on the docket, the court shall open the judgment if the proposed complaint states a meritorious cause of action.
- (2) If the petition is filed within ten days after the entry of a default judgment on the docket, the court shall open the judgment if one or more of the proposed preliminary objections has merit or the proposed answer states a meritorious defense.

*Official Note:* Rule 236 requires the prothonotary to give notice of the entry of any judgment and to note in the docket the giving of the notice.

The petitioner must act with reasonable diligence to see that the petition is promptly presented to the court if required by local practice.

See Schultz v. Erie Insurance Exchange, 477 A.2d 471 (Pa. 1984) for the requirements for opening a judgment by default and Rule 3051 as to a judgment of non pros. Rule 237.3 does not change the law of opening judgments. Rather, the rule supplies two of the three requisites for opening such judgments by presupposing that a petition filed as provided by the rule is timely and with reasonable explanation or legitimate excuse for the inactivity or delay resulting in the entry of the judgment. The requirement of this rule for proceeding within ten days is not intended to set a standard for timeliness in circumstances outside this rule.

See Rules 206.1 through 206.7 governing petition practice.

\* \* \* \* :

#### Explanatory Comment—2010

The 1994 Explanatory Comment to Rule 237.3 provides several illustrations of the application of the rule. A discrepancy exists between Illustration 1 and Rule 237.1(a)(2)(ii) governing notice of praecipe to enter judgment of non pros or by default. The 1994 Explanatory Comment provides that the defendant may plead within the time of receiving the notice of praecipe plus ten days. Rule 237.1(a)(2)(ii) states that the ten-day period shall be calculated forward from the date of the mailing or delivery of the notice. The 1994 Explanatory Comment has been amended to conform with the text of Rule 237.1(a)(2)(ii).

#### **Explanatory Comment—2019**

In 2016, Rule 237.3 was amended by adding preliminary objections as a type of pleading that may be attached to a petition for relief from a default judgment. By allowing the use of preliminary objections, the 2016 amendment was intended to give a defendant the same right to file a responsive pleading after the entry of a default judgment that is afforded to him or her prior to entry of a default judgment. In practice, however, litigants have interpreted this provision to permit the filing of a petition for relief with proposed preliminary objections attached, and then, when that petition is denied, to then file an additional petition for relief by attaching the proposed answer, notwithstanding the requirement that a petition for relief must be filed within 10 days of the entry of a default judgment. To promote procedural efficiency, Rule 237.3 has been amended to require a litigant to raise all grounds for relief in a single petition.

By the Civil Procedural Rules Committee

> JOHN J. HARE, Chair

[Pa.B. Doc. No. 20-37. Filed for public inspection January 10, 2020, 9:00 a.m.]

# Title 231—RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE

#### **PART I. GENERAL**

[231 PA. CODE CHS. 400 AND 1000]

Order Amending Rules 401 and 1008 of the Pennsylvania Rules of Civil Procedure; No. 700 Civil Procedural Rules Doc.

#### Order

Per Curiam

And Now, this 18th day of December, 2019, upon the recommendation of the Civil Procedural Rules Committee; the proposal having been published for public comment at 48 Pa.B. 4959 (August 18, 2018):

It is Ordered pursuant to Article V, Section 10 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania that Rules 401 and 1008 of the Pennsylvania Rules of Civil Procedure are amended in the following form.

This Order shall be processed in accordance with Pa.R.J.A. No. 103(b), and shall be effective April 1, 2020.

#### Annex A

### TITLE 231. RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE PART I. GENERAL

### CHAPTER 400. SERVICE OF ORIGINAL PROCESS SERVICE GENERALLY

Rule 401. Time for Service. Reissuance, Reinstatement, and Substitution of Original Process. [Copies for Service.]

(a) Original process shall be served within the Commonwealth within [ thirty ]  $\underline{30}$  days after the issuance of the writ or the filing of the complaint.

Official Note: See Rule 404 for the time for service outside the Commonwealth.

- (b)(1) If service within the Commonwealth is not made within the time prescribed by subdivision (a) of this rule or outside the Commonwealth within the time prescribed by Rule 404, the prothonotary upon *praecipe* and upon presentation of the original process, shall continue its validity by reissuing the writ or reinstating the complaint, by writing thereon "reissued" in the case of a writ or "reinstated" in the case of a complaint.
- (2) A writ may be reissued or a complaint reinstated at any time and any number of times. A new party defendant may be named in a reissued writ or a reinstated complaint.
- (3) A substituted writ may be issued or a substituted complaint filed upon *praecipe* stating that the former writ or complaint has been lost or destroyed.
- (4) A reissued, reinstated, or substituted writ or complaint shall be served within the applicable time prescribed by subdivision (a) of this rule or by Rule 404 after reissuance, reinstatement, or substitution.
- (5) If an action is commenced by writ of summons and a complaint is thereafter filed, the plaintiff, instead of reissuing the writ, may treat the complaint as alternative original process and as the equivalent for all purposes of a reissued writ, reissued as of the date of the filing of the

complaint. Thereafter the writ may be reissued, or the complaint may be reinstated as the equivalent of a reissuance of the writ, and the plaintiff may use either the reissued writ or the reinstated complaint as alternative original process.

Official Note: If the applicable time has passed after the issuance of the writ or the filing of the complaint, the writ must be reissued or the complaint reinstated to be effective as process. Filing or reinstatement or substitution of a complaint which is used as alternative process under this subdivision, has been held effective in tolling the statute of limitations as the reissuance or substitution of a writ.

[ (c) The copy of the original process to be served upon the defendant shall be attested by the prothonotary or certified by the plaintiff to be a true copy. ]

# CHAPTER 1000. ACTIONS Subchapter A. CIVIL ACTION VENUE AND PROCESS

Rule 1008. [Copies for Service.] (Rescinded.)

[ Official Note: For the requirement of attested or certified copies for service, see Rule 401(c). ]

#### **Explanatory Comment**

The Supreme Court has rescinded Rule 401(c), which requires the prothonotary to attest or the plaintiff to certify that a copy of the original process to be served on the defendant is a true copy. Originally adopted in 1946 as part of former Rule 1008, the attestation or certification provided a mechanism to ensure that the copy of original process to be served had been authenticated as a true copy in a time when reproduction of documents was more labor-intensive and prone to error. Today, the requirement is anachronistic given modern methods of document reproduction that easily permit exact copies. The note to rescinded Rule 1008 cross-referencing Rule 401(c) has also been deleted.

By the Civil Procedural Rules Committee

> JOHN J. HARE, Chair

[Pa.B. Doc. No. 20-38. Filed for public inspection January 10, 2020, 9:00 a.m.]

#### Title 255—LOCAL COURT RULES

#### **CHESTER COUNTY**

Prompt Adjudication Hearings for Non-Detained Juveniles; Administrative Regulation No. 18-2019

And Now, this 2nd day of December, 2019, it is hereby Ordered and Decreed that all juvenile adjudication hearings scheduled for non-detained juveniles shall be held within five (5) months from the filing of a delinquency petition initiated pursuant to Pa.R.J.C.P. 330, unless the supervising judge of the Chester County juvenile court grants an extension. This five month period shall not include time during which the juvenile is sought to be arrested pursuant to a bench warrant.

This regulation is intended to better assure that non-detained juveniles receive an adjudicatory hearing within a reasonable time, pursuant to Pa.R.J.C.P. 404(B), and that Pa.R.J.C.P. 404(B) is construed to eliminate unjustifiable delay, in accordance with Pa.R.J.C.P. 101(B).

The Chester County Juvenile Probation Department, the attorneys for juvenile defendants and the Commonwealth shall make a good faith effort to schedule formal adjudication hearings within the five month period required by this regulation. If an extension of this five month period is sought, the attorneys for the subject juvenile and the Commonwealth shall schedule a conference with the supervising juvenile judge and the assigned probation officer to explain the reason(s) for the anticipated delay. Any such reason(s) must constitute good cause for an extension to be granted. Except for unusual circumstances, any extension granted shall be provided within an order scheduling the adjudicatory hearing to begin on a date certain. Dismissal of the petition shall not result from the failure of the adjudication hearing to be held within the above described five month period or any extension of it.

All future juvenile probation court reports shall provide, in the upper right hand corner of the first page, the filing date of the juvenile delinquency petition and the date when the five month period to hold the adjudication hearing ends. (The five month period shall be recalculated to eliminate any time a bench warrant remains unexecuted.)

#### **Local Rule Number**

Pursuant to Pa.R.J.A. 103(d)(3), the number of this local rule is keyed to Pa.R.J.C.P. 404(B) pertaining to prompt adjudicatory hearings for non-detained juveniles and shall be designated "Local Rule L-404B" within the Chester County Court of Common Pleas Juvenile Rules.

#### **Effective Date**

This rule shall become effective thirty (30) days from the date of the publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*.

#### **Procedural Compliance**

In conformity with Pa.R.J.A. 103(d), the Chester County Court Administrator shall do the following:

- 1) Distribute two (2) paper copies of this local rule to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*, along with a copy of the local rule in an agreed upon format that complies with the requirements of 1 Pa. Code § 13.11.
- $2)\,$  File one copy of this local rule with the Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts.
- 3) Publish a copy of this local rule on the Chester County website.
- 4) Incorporate this local rule in the complete set of Chester County local rules no later than thirty (30) days following its publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*.

By the Court

JACQUELINE CARROLL CODY, President Judge

 $[Pa.B.\ Doc.\ No.\ 20\text{-}39.\ Filed\ for\ public\ inspection\ January\ 10,\ 2020,\ 9:00\ a.m.]$ 

#### Title 255—LOCAL COURT RULES

#### **LEHIGH COUNTY**

Approval of Police Complaints and Arrest Warrant Affidavits by Attorney for the Commonwealth; No. 33 AD 2019

#### **Administrative Order**

And Now this 17th day of December, 2019, It Is Hereby Ordered, that local rule for Approval of Police Complaints and Arrest Warrant Affidavits by Attorney for the Commonwealth in the 31st Judicial District comprised of Lehigh County be, and the same is, hereby amended:

The District Attorney of Lehigh County having filed a certification pursuant to Pa.R.Crim.P. 507:

1. Enumerated Offenses.

Criminal complaints and arrest warrant affidavits by police officers, as defined in the Rules of Criminal Procedure, charging one or more of the following offenses shall not hereafter be accepted by any judicial officer unless the complaint and affidavit has the approval of an attorney for the Commonwealth prior to filing:

- a. Criminal Homicide—18 Pa.C.S. § 2501
  Murder of any degree—18 Pa.C.S. § 2502
  Voluntary Manslaughter—18 Pa.C.S. § 2503
  Involuntary Manslaughter—18 Pa.C.S. § 2504
  Drug Delivery Resulting in Death—18 Pa.C.S. § 2506
  Criminal Homicide of Law Enforcement Officer—
  18 Pa.C.S. § 2507
  Criminal Homicide of Unborn Child—18 Pa.C.S. § 2604
  Voluntary Manslaughter of Unborn Child—
- b. Aggravated Assault—18 Pa.C.S. § 2702
  Assault by Prisoner—18 Pa.C.S. § 2703
  Assault by Life Prisoner—18 Pa.C.S. § 2704
  Recklessly Endangering Another Person—18 Pa.C.S. § 2705
  Discharge of a Firearm into an Occupied Structure—18 Pa.C.S. § 2707.1
  Stalking—18 Pa.C.S. § 2709.1
  Ethnic Intimidation—18 Pa.C.S. § 2710
  Neglect of Care-Dependent Person—18 Pa.C.S. § 2713
  Abuse of Care-Dependent Person—18 Pa.C.S. § 2713.1
  Weapons of Mass Destruction—18 Pa.C.S. § 2716
- Strangulation—18 Pa.C.S. § 2718 c. Aggravated Hazing—18 Pa.C.S. § 2803
- d. Kidnapping-18 Pa.C.S. § 2901

18 Pa.C.S. § 2605

- e. Trafficking in Individuals—18 Pa.C.S. § 3011
- f. Rape—18 Pa.C.S. § 3121
  Statutory Sexual Assault—18 Pa.C.S. § 3122
  Involuntary Deviate Sexual Intercourse—18 Pa.C.S. § 3123
  Sexual Assault—18 Pa.C.S. § 3124.1
  Institutional Sexual Assault—18 Pa.C.S. § 3124.2
  Sexual Assault by Sports Official, Volunteer or Employee of Non-Profit Association—18 Pa.C.S. § 3124.3

Aggravated Indecent Assault—18 Pa.C.S. § 3125

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- g. Arson—18 Pa.C.S. § 3301 Causing or Risking a Catastrophe—18 Pa.C.S. § 3302
- h. Burglary—18 Pa.C.S. § 3502
- i. Robbery—18 Pa.C.S. § 3701 Robbery of Motor Vehicle 18 Pa.C.S. § 3702
- j. Theft and Receiving Stolen Property (firearms)— 18 Pa.C.S. § 3903(a)(2) and (a.1)
- k. Endangering Welfare of Children—18 Pa.C.S. § 4304
- l. Bribery in Official and Political Matters—18 Pa.C.S.  $\S$  4701
  - Threats and Other Improper Influences in Official and Political Matters—18 Pa.C.S. § 4702
- m. Perjury-18 Pa.C.S. § 4902
- n. Hindering Apprehension or Prosecution—18 Pa.C.S. § 5105
- o. Abuse of Corpse—18 Pa.C.S. § 5510 Aggravated Cruelty to Animal—18 Pa.C.S. § 5534
- p. Interception, Disclosure or Use of Wire, Electronic or Oral Communications—18 Pa.C.S. § 5703
- q. Person Not to Possess Firearm—18 Pa.C.S. § 6105 Firearms Not to be Carried Without a License— 18 Pa.C.S. § 6106
  - Possession of Firearm by a Minor—18 Pa.C.S. § 6110.1
  - Possession of Firearm with Altered Manufacturer's Number—18 Pa.C.S. § 6110.2
  - Possession of Firearm with Altered Serial Number—18 Pa.C.S. § 6110.2
  - Certain Bullets Prohibited—18 Pa.C.S. § 6121
- r. Corruption of Minors—18 Pa.C.S. § 6301
  Sexual abuse of children—18 Pa.C.S. § 6312
  Unlawful Contact with Minor—18 Pa.C.S. § 6318
  Sexual Exploitation of Children—18 Pa.C.S. § 6320
  Transmission of Sexually Explicit Images by Minor—18 Pa.C.S. § 6321
- s. Election code violations 25 Pa.C.S. (all offenses)
- t. Controlled substance, drug device and cosmetic act 35 P.S. § 780-113 (all felonies)
- u. Homicide by vehicle—75 Pa.C.S. § 3732 Aggravated Assault by Vehicle—75 Pa.C.S. § 3732.1 Homicide by vehicle while driving under influence—75 Pa.C.S. § 3735
  - Aggravated Assault by Vehicle while driving under the influence—75 Pa.C.S. § 3735.1
  - Accidents involving death or serious bodily injury—75 Pa.C.S. § 3742(b)(2) and (3)
- v. Criminal attempt to commit any of the above offenses—18 Pa.C.S. § 901
  - Criminal solicitation to commit any of the above offenses—18 Pa.C.S. § 902
  - Criminal conspiracy to commit any of the above offenses—18 Pa.C.S. § 903

w. Any offense which is not a "delinquent act" as defined in Section 6302(2)(i), (ii) and (iii) of the Juvenile Act, 42 Pa.C.S. § 6302(2)(i), (ii) and (iii)¹.

#### 2. Re-Arrests and Refilings.

Police criminal complaints or arrest warrant affidavits shall not hereafter be accepted by any judicial officer unless the complaint and affidavit has the approval of an attorney for the Commonwealth prior to filing where the complaint or arrest warrant are for the rearrest of a defendant previously discharged, or to reinstitute a charge or charges previously dismissed by an issuing authority for failure to prove a prima facie case, provided the current and the former cases arise out of the same criminal episode.

3. Arrest Warrant Affidavits Requiring Sealing.

Arrest warrant affidavits shall not hereafter be accepted by any judicial officer unless the arrest warrant affidavit has the approval of an attorney for the Commonwealth prior to filing in any case where the affidavit contains information, the disclosure of which, in the opinion of the police, would endanger the safety of an informant, jeopardize the integrity of an ongoing criminal investigation, or which for any other reason should not be disclosed at or about the time of the execution of the warrants. The judicial officer shall ask the police, prior to accepting an affidavit, whether it contains any such information, and if the police indicate it does, the judicial officer shall require that it be submitted to an attorney for the Commonwealth for approval in accordance with this Rule. If the police indicate it does not, the judicial officer shall accept the affidavit.

- It Is Ordered that this Administrative Order shall be effective thirty (30) days after publication thereof in the Pennsylvania Bulletin.
- It Is Further Ordered that in accordance with Pa.R.Crim.P. 105, the Court Administrator of Lehigh County shall:
- (a) File one (1) certified copy hereof with the Administrative Office of the Pennsylvania Courts;
- (b) Distribute two (2) certified copies hereof and one (1) CD-Rom copy that complies with the requirements of Pa. Code § 13.11(b), with the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*;
- (c) Incorporate a copy hereof in the complete set of local rules no later than 30 days following publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*;
- (d) Publish a copy hereof on the website of the Court of Common Pleas of Lehigh County, Pennsylvania at: https://www.lccpa.org/rules.nex;

The term ["delinquent act"] shall not include: (i) The crime of murder. (ii) Any of the following prohibited conduct where the child was 15 years of age or older at the time of the alleged conduct, and a deadly weapon as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 2301 (relating to definitions) was used during the commission of the offense, which, if committed by an adult, would be classified as: (A) Rape as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3121 (relating to rape). (B) Involuntary deviate sexual intercourse as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3123 (relating to involuntary deviate sexual intercourse). (C) Aggravated assault as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3701(a)(1)(f), (ii) or (iii) (relating to robbery). (E) Robbery as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3701(a)(1)(f), (ii) or (iii) (relating to robbery). (E) Robbery as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3702 (relating to robbery) of motor vehicle. (F) Aggravated indecent assault as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 325 (relating to aggravated indecent assault). (G) Kidnapping as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 2901 (relating to kidnapping). (H) Involuntary manslaughter. (I) An attempt, conspiracy or solicitation to commit murder or any of these crimes, as provided in 18 Pa.C.S. § 901 (relating to criminal attempt), 902 (relating to criminal Rev. 7/2018 solicitation) and 903 (relating to criminal conspiracy). (iii) Any of the following prohibited conduct where the child was 15 years of age or older at the time of the alleged conduct, and has been previously adjudicated delinquent of any of the following prohibited conduct, which, if committed by an adult, would be classified as: (A) Rape as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3123. (C) Robbery as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3701(a)(1)(f), (ii) or (iii). (D) Robbery of motor vehicle as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3701. (E) Aggravated indecent assault as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3125. (F) Kidnapping as defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 2901. (G) Voluntary manslaughter. (H) An attempt, conspiracy or solicitation to commit murder or any of these crimes as provided in 18 Pa.C.S. § 901, 902 and 903.

(e) Supervise the distribution hereof to all Judges of this Court.

By the Court

ROBERT L. STEINBERG, Acting President Judge

#### Approval of Police Complaints and Arrest Warrant Affidavits by Attorney for the Commonwealth; No. AD 2019

TO THE HONORABLE, THE PRESIDENT JUDGE OF SAID COURT:

The Petition of James B. Martin, District Attorney of Lehigh County respectfully represents that:

- 1. Upon certification filed by the District Attorney of Lehigh County, in 2002, Administrative Order 2002-1971 amended Local Rule 507 and set forth the criminal offenses that require approval by the Attorney for the Commonwealth prior to acceptance by any judicial officer of a criminal complaint and/or arrest warrant charging one of the enumerated offenses.
- 2. Pursuant to Pa.R.Crim.P. 507, the District Attorney of Lehigh County certifies that Local Rule 507 shall be amended to include the following enumerated offenses:

Criminal Homicide—18 Pa.C.S. § 2501 Murder of any degree—18 Pa.C.S. § 2502 Voluntary Manslaughter—18 Pa.C.S. § 2503 Involuntary Manslaughter—18 Pa.C.S. § 2504 Drug Delivery Resulting in Death—18 Pa.C.S. § 2506 Criminal Homicide of Law Enforcement Officer— 18 Pa.C.S. § 2507

Criminal Homicide of Unborn Child—18 Pa.C.S § 2604 Voluntary Manslaughter of Unborn Child—18 Pa.C.S. § 2605

Aggravated Assault—18 Pa.C.S. § 2702 Assault by Prisoner—18 Pa.C.S. § 2703

Assault by Life Prisoner—18 Pa.C.S. § 2704

Recklessly Endangering Another Person—18 Pa.C.S. § 2705

Discharge of a Firearm into an Occupied Structure— 18 Pa.C.S. § 2707.1 Stalking—18 Pa.C.S. § 2709.1

Ethnic Intimidation—18 Pa.C.S. § 2710

Neglect of Care-Dependent Person—18 Pa.C.S. § 2713 Abuse of Care-Dependent Person—18 Pa.C.S. § 2713.1 Weapons of Mass Destruction—18 Pa.C.S. § 2716 Strangulation—18 Pa.C.S. § 2718

Aggravated Hazing—18 Pa.C.S. § 2803

Kidnapping—18 Pa.C.S. § 2901

Trafficking in Individuals—18 Pa.C.S. § 3011

Rape—18 Pa.C.S. § 3121

Statutory Sexual Assault—18 Pa.C.S. § 3122

Involuntary Deviate Sexual Intercourse—18 Pa.C.S. § 3123

Sexual Assault—18 Pa.C.S. § 3124.1

Institutional Sexual Assault—18 Pa.C.S. § 3124.2 Sexual Assault by Sports Official, Volunteer or Em-

ployee of Non-Profit Association—18 Pa.C.S. § 3124.3 Aggravated Indecent Assault—18 Pa.C.S. § 3125

Arson—18 Pa.C.S. § 3301

Causing or Risking a Catastrophe—18 Pa.C.S. § 3302

Burglary—18 Pa.C.S. § 3502

Robbery—18 Pa.C.S. § 3701

Robbery of Motor Vehicle—18 Pa.C.S. § 3702

Theft and Receiving Stolen Property (firearms)— 18 Pa.C.S. § 3903(a)(2) and (a.1)

Endangering Welfare of Children—18 Pa.C.S. § 4304

Bribery in Official and Political Matters—18 Pa.C.S. § 4701

Threats and Other Improper Influences in Official and Political Matters—18 Pa.C.S. § 4702

Perjury—18 Pa.C.S. § 4902

Hindering Apprehension or Prosecution—18 Pa.C.S. § 5105

Abuse of Corpse—18 Pa.C.S. § 5510 Aggravated Cruelty to Animal—18 Pa.C.S. § 5534

Interception, Disclosure or Use of Wire, Electronic or Oral Communications—18 Pa.C.S. § 5703

Person Not to Possess Firearm—18 Pa.C.S. § 6105 Firearms Not to be Carried Without a License-18 Pa.C.S. § 6106

Possession of Firearm by a Minor—18 Pa.C.S. § 6110.1 Possession of Firearm with Altered Manufacturer's Number—18 Pa.C.S. § 6110.2

Possession of Firearm with Altered Serial Number-18 Pa.C.S. § 6110.2

Sale of Transfer of Firearms—18 Pa.C.S. § 6111 Certain Bullets Prohibited—18 Pa.C.S. § 6121

Corruption of Minors—18 Pa.C.S. § 6301 Sexual abuse of children—18 Pa.C.S. § 6312 Unlawful Contact with Minor—18 Pa.C.S. § 6318 Sexual Exploitation of Children—18 Pa.C.S. § 6320 Transmission of Sexually Explicit Images by Minor— 18 Pa.C.S. § 6321

Election code violations 25 Pa.C.S. (all offenses)

Controlled substance, drug device and cosmetic act 35 P.S. § 780-113 (all felonies)

Homicide by vehicle—75 Pa.C.S. § 3732 Aggravated Assault by Vehicle—75 Pa.C.S. § 3732.1 Homicide by vehicle while driving under influence-75 Pa.C.S § 3735

Aggravated Assault by Vehicle while driving under the influence—75 Pa.C.S. § 3735.1

Accidents involving death or serious bodily injury-75 Pa.C.S. § 3742(b)(2) and (3)

Criminal attempt to commit any of the above offenses—18 Pa.C.S. § 901

Criminal solicitation to commit any of the above offenses—18 Pa.C.S. § 902

Criminal conspiracy to commit any of the above offenses—18 Pa.C.S. § 903

Any offense excluded by Section 6302(2)(i), (ii) and (iii) of the Juvenile Act, 42 Pa.C.S. § 6302(2)(i), (ii) and (iii), from the definition of a "delinquent act."

Wherefore, your Petitioner, James B. Martin, District Attorney, respectfully certifies that criminal complaints and arrest warrant affidavits charging one or more of the aforementioned offenses shall not be accepted by any THE COURTS 203

judicial officers unless the complaint and/or affidavit has the approval of an attorney for the Commonwealth prior to filing and prays that Your Honorable Court amend Local Rule 507 accordingly.

> Respectfully submitted, JAMES B. MARTIN District Attorney 455 West Hamilton Street Allentown, PA 18101 I.D. # 16576

[Pa.B. Doc. No. 20-40. Filed for public inspection January 10, 2020, 9:00 a.m.]

# DISCIPLINARY BOARD OF THE SUPREME COURT

#### **Notice of Administrative Suspension**

Notice is hereby given that the following attorneys have been Administratively Suspended by Order of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania dated November 20, 2019, pursuant to Rule 111(b) Pa.R.C.L.E., which requires that every active lawyer shall annually complete, during the compliance period for which he or she is assigned, the continuing legal education required by the Continuing Legal Education Board. The Order became effective December 20, 2019 for Compliance Group 1.

Notice with respect to attorneys having Pennsylvania registration addresses, which have been administratively suspended by said Order, was published in the appropriate county legal journal.

Bowman, Eric Reginald Chandler, AZ

Breslin, Elvira Madden Gaithersburg, MD

Brooks, Huda Aziz Haddon Township, NJ

Brown, David Jackson Rockville, MD

Brown, David Earl Alexandria, VA

Cohen, Robert T. Cherry Hill, NJ

Davis, Lisa A. Waxhaw, NC

DeYoung, Kristin Malee Pittsford, NY

Fein, Michael B. Cherry Hill, NJ Geiger, Valerie Fairfax, VA

Glueckler, Edward J. Scottsdale, AZ

Holmes, Malika Hollis Brooklyn, NY

Kavoulakis, Jessica Hope Brooklyn, NY

Lenti, Mary Elizabeth Mount Holly, NJ

Longo, Roberto Mario Cherry Hill, NJ

McClain, Scott Michael Kenneth New York, NY

Mendez, Edwin Ariel St. Petersburg, FL

Pendleton, Brian John Jr. Short Hills, NJ

Phillips, George O. Raleigh, NC

Quinn, Michelle Tovell Franklin Lakes, NJ

Redick, Robert Walker Akron, OH

Renaud, Ronald Keith San Antonio, TX

Rowe, Kayla Elizabeth Flemington, NJ

Saldana, Lanhi

Lawrenceville, NJ Sandnes, James T.

New York, NY

Savage, Daryl Davinci Reston, VA

Sawyer, Lauren Elizabeth New York, NY

Stuart, Kimberley Haddon Heights, NJ

Werb, Duane David Wilmington, DE

Wong, Vincent S. New York, NY

Young, Jason R. Jersey City, NJ

SUZANNE E. PRICE, Attorney Registrar

[Pa.B. Doc. No. 20-41. Filed for public inspection January 10, 2020, 9:00 a.m.]